

Hydrogeological processes and Geological settings over Europe controlling dissolved geogenic and anthropogenic elements in groundwater of relevance to human health and the status of dependent ecosystems

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HOVER





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## Challenges

- Heterogeneity of knowledge and GW quality data over Europe
- Developing products of interest at different scales combining precise local data (even with depth related variability) to scarce, one shot, incomplete dataset, long-term regular monitoring
- Having the 29 EGS learning from each other, sharing their vision on hydrogeology and having different working methods



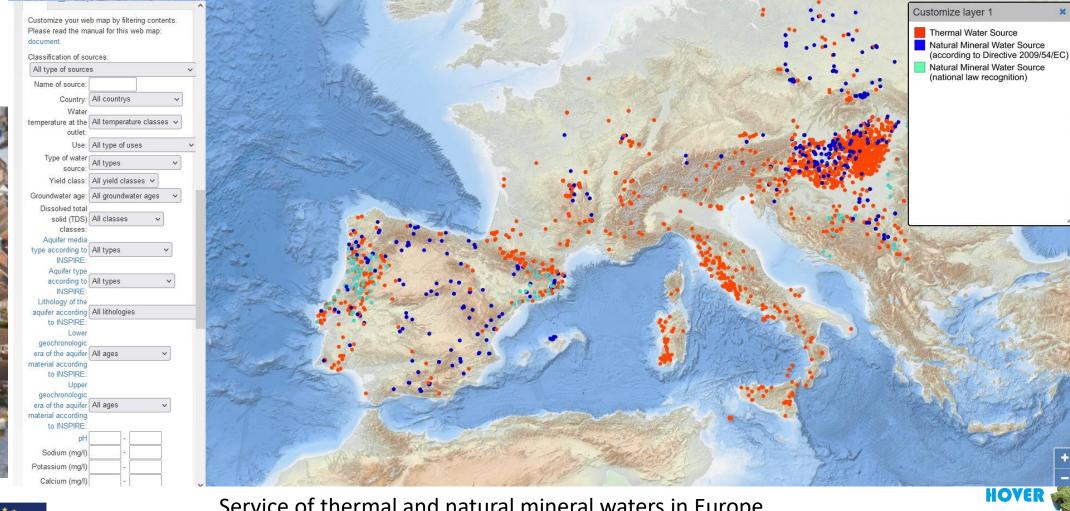


#### HOVER – a diversified project

- In numbers of countries involved (from 2 to 17) in WP
- In the way to upscale point information from statistics, country side, based on lithological classes, simplified transfer models, GW bodies....
- In the tools used for presenting the results; 1 D maps, time scale maps, interactive maps, pilot sites description, scientific and technical reports, guidelines....
- In targets and topics considered: health, ecology, diffuse pollution, urban and agriculture pressure, global change



## WP3 – elements of natural origin

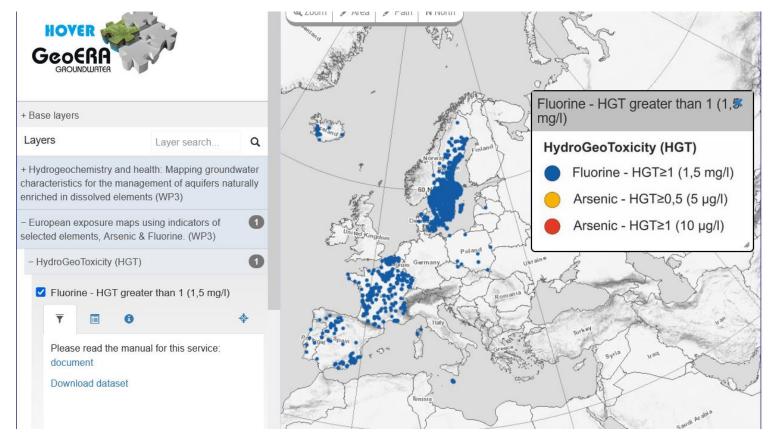




Service of thermal and natural mineral waters in Europe

# WP3 – elements of natural origin

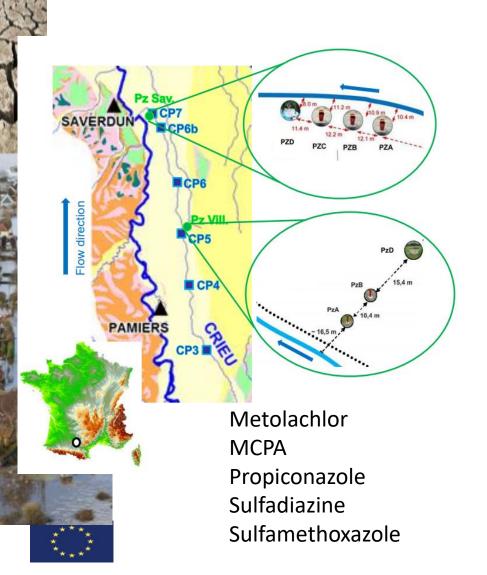
Hydrogeotoxicity for As and F

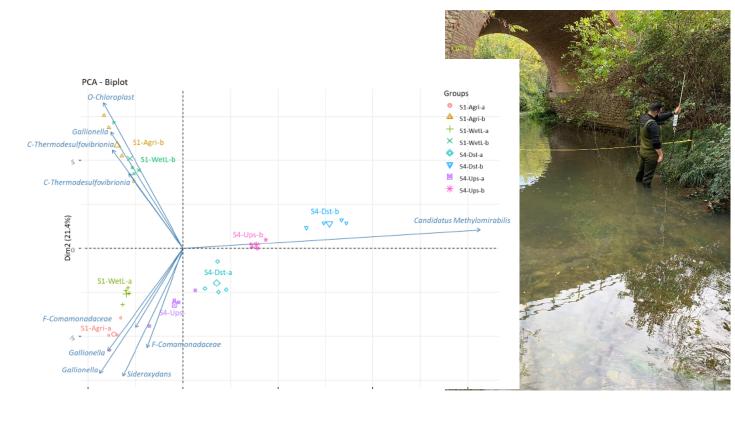






#### WP4 – Biodegradation of contaminant in the hyporheic zone

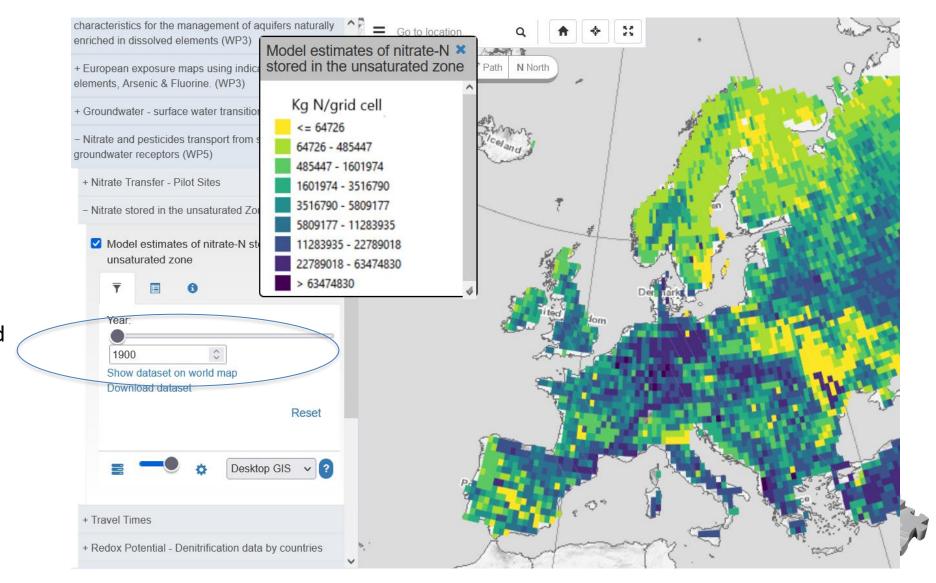






GeoERA - GROUNDWATER - HOVER

WP5 – Nitrate and pesticides transport from soil to GW

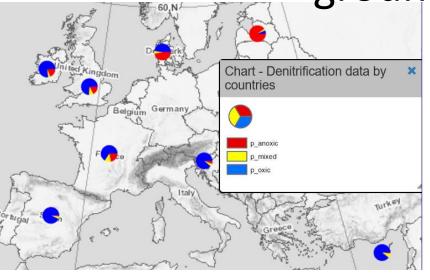


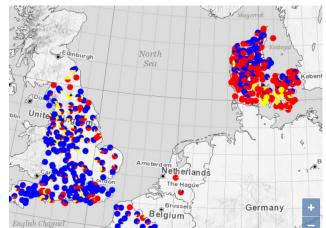
Year can be changed (up to 2000)

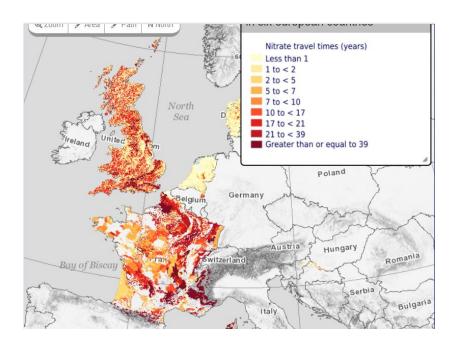


WP5 – Nitrate and pesticides transport from soil to

groundwater









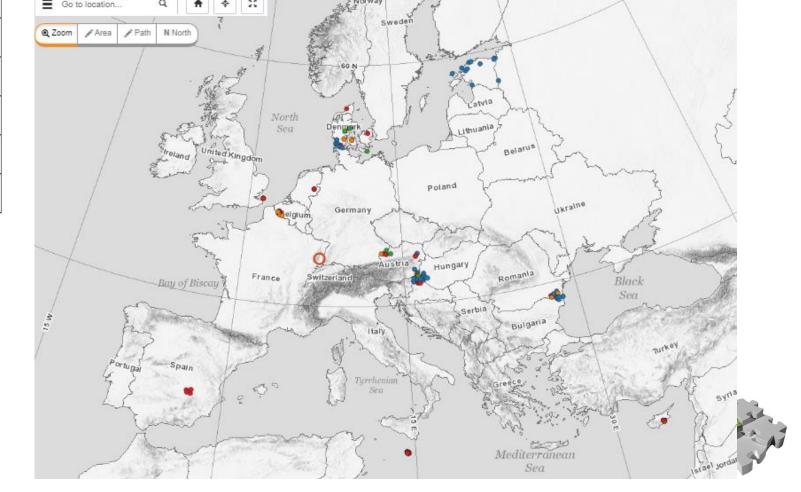


#### WP6 – Groundwater age range at pilot sites

Colour	Tracer concentration:	Comment
Red	3H >= 1 TU	High fraction of young ( < 70 yr) potentially contaminated groundwater that infiltrated later
Orange	3H< 1 TU	Small fraction of young potentially contaminated groundwater
Green	3H < 0.1 and/ or 1 > 39Ar < 100 pmAr and/or 14C > 10 pmc	Groundwater in the age range 70 - 10.000 yr
Blue	14C < 10 pmc (paleowater) Paleowater (> 10.000 yr)	
Purple	81Kr < 75 (pmKr)	> 100.000 yr

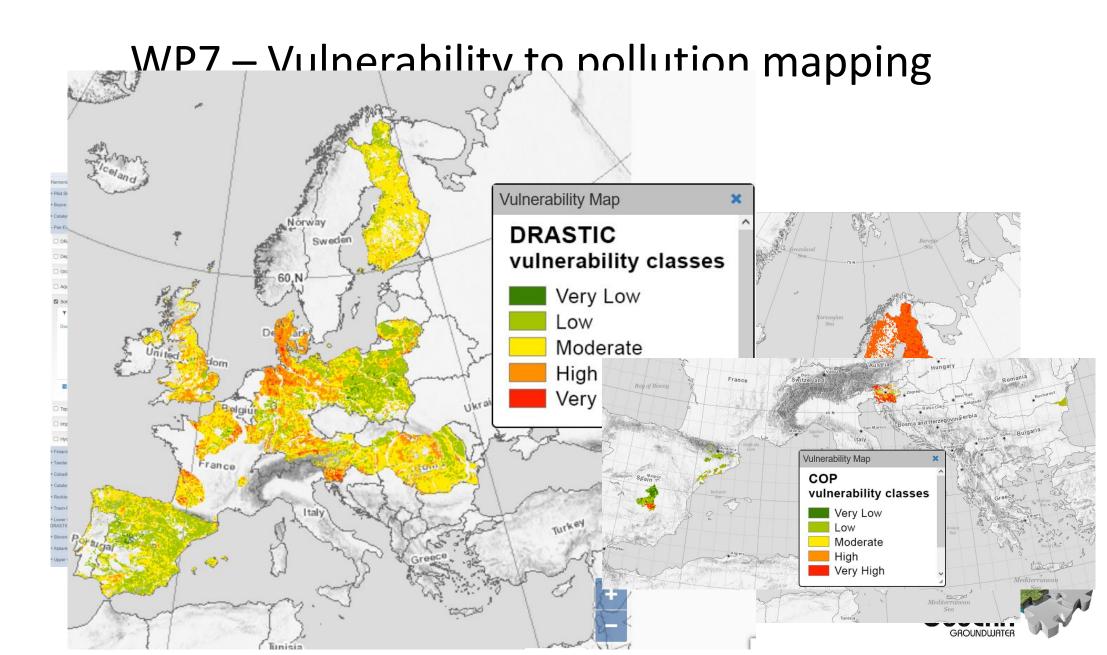
Database construction
Guidelines on the best
practices of the tools, and
correct way to use the
« age » information

More than 20 pilote sites



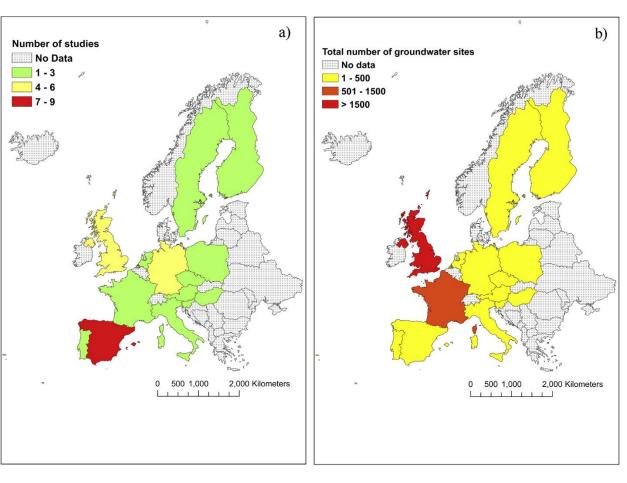








#### WP8 – Organic contaminant of emerging interest

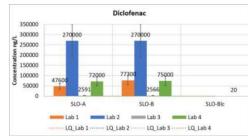


		Number of
CAS number	Compound	studies reporting
		detection
298465	Carbamazepine	22
52082	Caffeine	15
723466	Sulfamethoxazole	13
80057	Bisphenol A	13
15687271	Ibuprofen	12
103902	Acetaminophen	9
134623	N,N-diethyl-m-	8
154025	toluamide	0
15307865	Diclofenac	8
108907	Chlorobenzene	8
41859670	Bezafibrate	7

Sampling and analytical comparison exercise

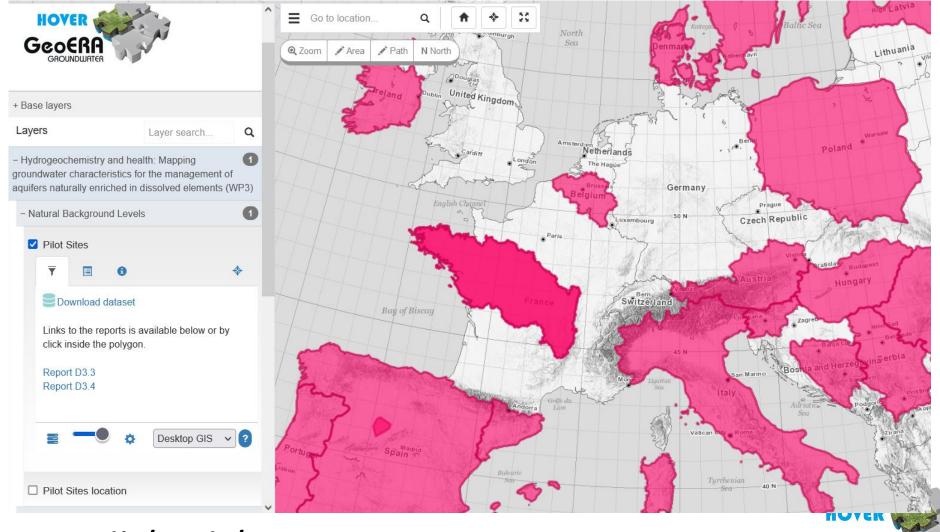


EOC results for groundwater studies in Europe: (a): number of studies used in this review from each country. (b) total number of groundwater sites from the selected review studies





## **HOVER** products on EGDI







#### **HOVER** is also

- Publications 7 in international journals (5 in preparation)
- Conferences 9 majors scientific events (EGU, IAEA, AIH, LuQW), 5 policy conferences, webinars
- Newsletters
- Interactions with other organisms USGS, IAEA, JRC, EEA, CIS/WGGW
- General public communication—Facebook blogs, LinkedIn post, WordPress blog, twitter post, webpage

